SECTION 128. 77.58 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.58 (3) (b) For purposes of the sales tax the return shall show the gross receipts sales price of the seller during the preceding reporting period. For purposes of the use tax, in case of a return filed by a retailer, the return shall show the total sales purchase price of the property or taxable services sold, the storage, use or consumption of which became subject to the use tax during the preceding reporting period. In case of a sales or use tax return filed by a purchaser, the return shall show the total sales purchase price of the property and taxable services purchased, the storage, use or consumption of which became subject to the use tax during the preceding reporting period. The return shall also show the amount of the taxes for the period covered by the return and such other information as the department deems necessary for the proper administration of this subchapter.

SECTION 129. 77.58 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.58 (6) For the purposes of the sales tax gross receipts, the sales price from rentals or leases of tangible personal property shall be reported and the tax paid in accordance with such rules as the department prescribes.

SECTION 130. 77.585 of the statutes is created to read:

77.585 Return adjustments. (1) In this section, "bad debt" means the portion of the sales price or purchase price that the seller has reported as taxable under this subchapter and that the seller may claim as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code. 'Bad debt" includes worthless checks, worthless credit card payments, and uncollectible credit accounts, "Bad debt" does not include financing charges or interest, sales or use taxes imposed on the sales price or purchase price, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the seller's possession until the full sales price or purchase price is paid, expenses incurred in

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attempting to collect any debt, debts sold or assigned to 3rd parties for collection, and repossessed property.

A seller is solicized from liability for the sales tax of use tax imposed under this subchapter insofarms, the measure of the tax is represented by bad debt that has been charged off for federal income tax purposes or, in the case of a seller who is not required to file a federal income tax return, bad debt that may be charged off for federal income tax purposes. If the seller has previously paid the tax, the seller may, within 12 months from the month in which the bad debt is either charged off for federal income tax purposes or, in the case of a seller who is not required to file a federal income tax return, could have been charged off for federal income tax purposes, take a deduction from the measure of the tax the amount of the bad debt. If any such bad debt is subsequently collected in whole or in part by the seller, the amount collected shall be included in the first return filed after such collection and the tax shall be paid with the return.

(3) For purposes of computing a bad debt deduction or reporting a payment received on a previously claimed bad debt, any payment made on a debt or on an account is applied first to the price of the property or service sold, and the proportionate share of the sales tax on that property or service, and then to interest, service charges, and other charges related to the sale.

(4) A seller may obtain a refund of the tax collected on any bad debt amount that exceeds the amount of the seller's taxable sales which is months following the month in which the bad debt is either charged off for federal income tax purposes or, in the case of a seller who is not required to file a federal income tax return, could have been charged off for federal income tax purposes.

as provided under 5.77.59(4), except that the period for making a claim as determined under 5.77.59(4) begins on the date tratfretum on which the bod debt could be claimed world have been that the department under 5.77.58 be submitted to

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(5) If a seller is using a certified service provider, the certified service provider may claim a bad debt deduction under this section on the seller's behalf if the seller has not claimed and will not claim the same deduction. A certified service provider who receives a bad debt deduction under this section shall credit that deduction to the seller and a certified service provider who receives a refund under this section shall submit that refund to the seller.

SECTION 131. 77.59 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

77.59 (2m) The department may audit, or may authorize others to audit, sellers and certified service providers who are registered with the department pursuant to the agreement, as defined in s. 77.65 (2) (a).

SECTION 132. 77.59 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

estimate of the amount of the gress receipts sales price of the person, or, as the case may be, of the amount of the total sales <u>purchase</u> price of tangible personal property or taxable service sold or purchased by the person, the sale by or the storage, use or other consumption of which in this state is subject to sales or use tax. The estimate shall be made for the period in respect to which the person failed to make a return and shall be based upon any information which is in the department's possession or may come into its possession. Upon the basis of this estimate the department shall compute and determine the amount required to be paid to the state, adding to the sum thus arrived at a penalty equal to 25% thereof. One or more such determinations may be made for one or for more than one period. When a business is discontinued a determination may be made at any time thereafter, within the periods specified in sub. (3), as to liability arising out of that business.

SECTION 133. 77.59 (9n) of the statutes is created to read:

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77.59 (9n) No seller or certified service provider is liable for any deficiency or refund under this subchapter that is the result of the seller or certified service provider relying on erroneous information contained in a database maintained under s. 73.03 (59) (d) or (e).

SECTION 134. 77.60 (13) of the statutes is created to read:

77.60 (13) A person who uses any of the following documents in a manner that is prohibited by or inconsistent with this subchapter, or provides incorrect information to a seller or certified service provider related to the use of such documents or regarding an exemption to the taxes imposed under this subchapter, shall pay a penalty of \$250 for each invoice or bill of sale related to the prohibited or inconsistent use or incorrect information:

exemption hnk (a) Allesale/certificate described under s. 77.52 (13). *points (b) A direct pay permit under s. 77.52 (17m).

(c) A direct mail form, as defined in s. 77.522 (1) (a) 1.

multiple-pour J-use exemption form, as defined in s. 77.522(1)(a) 2.

SECTION 135. 77.61 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 77.61 (1) (am).

SECTION 136. 77.61 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:

77.61 (1) (ag) In this subsection, "Wisconsin retailer" means a retailer who registers with the department to collect the taxes imposed under this subchapter and subch. V.

SECTION 137. 77.61 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.61 (1) (b) In the case of a motor vehicle, aircraft, boat, or mobile home purchased from a licensed Wisconsin motor vehicle dealer retailer, the registrant shall present proof that the tax has been paid to such dealer retailer.

SECTION 138. 77.61 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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77.61 (1) (c) In the case of motor vehicles, boats, snowmobiles, mobile homes not exceeding 45 feet in length, trailers, semitrailers, all-terrain vehicles or aircraft registered or titled, or required to be registered or titled, in this state purchased from persons who are not Wisconsin boat, trailer or semitrailer dealers, licensed Wisconsin aircraft, motor vehicle or mobile home dealers or registered Wisconsin snowmobile or all-terrain vehicle dealers retailers, the purchaser shall file a sales tax return and pay the tax prior to registering or titling the motor vehicle, boat, snowmobile, mobile home not exceeding 45 feet in length, trailer, semitrailer, all-terrain vehicle or aircraft in this state.

SECTION 139. 77.61 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 140. 77.61 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

77.61 (3m) A retailer shall use a straight mathematical computation probably probably the department, to determine the amount of the tax that the retailer may collect from the retailer's customers. The retailer shall calculate the tax amount by combining the applicable tax rates under this subchapter and subch. V and multiplying the combined tax rate by the sales price or purchase price of each item or invoice, as appropriate. The retailer shall calculate the tax amount to the 3rd decimal place, disregard tax amounts of less than 0.5 cent, and consider tax amounts of at least 0.5 cent but less than 1 cent to be an additional cent. The use of a straight mathematical computation, as provided in this subsection, shall not relieve the retailer from liability for payment of the full amount of the tax levied under ss. 77.51 to 77.62.

SECTION 141. 77.61 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:

77.61 (5m) (a) In this subsection, "personally identifiable information" has the meaning given in s. 19.62 (5).

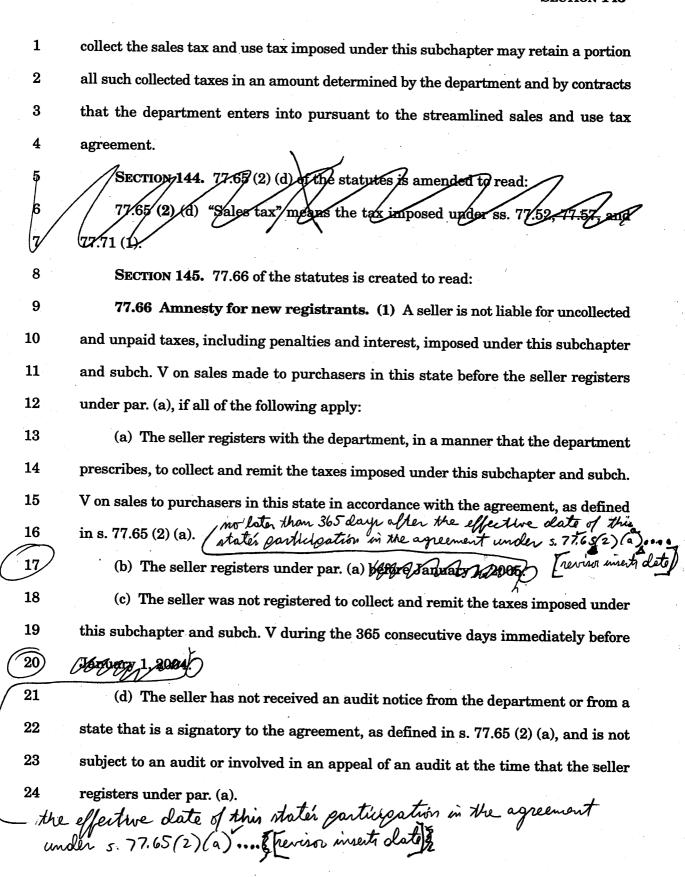
- (b) A certified service provider may use personally identifiable information as necessary only for the administration of its system to perform a seller's sales and use tax functions and shall provide consumers clear and conspicuous notice of its practice regarding such information, including how it collects the information, how it uses the information, and under what circumstances it discloses the information.
- (c) A certified service provider may retain personally identifiable information only to verify exemption claims, to investigate fraud, and to ensure its system's reliability. A certified service provider who retains an individual's personally identifiable information shall provide reasonable notice of such retention to the individual and shall provide the individual reasonable access to the information and an opportunity to correct inaccurate information. If any person, other than a state that is a signatory to the agreement, as defined in s. 77.65 (2) (a), requests access to an individual's personally identifiable information, the certified service provider shall make a reasonable and timely effort to notify the individual of the request.
- (d) A certified service provider shall provide sufficient technical, physical, and administrative safeguards to protect personally identifiable information from unauthorized access and disclosure.

SECTION 142. 77.61 (16) of the statutes is created to read:

77.61 (16) Any person who remits taxes and files returns under this subchapter may designate an agent, in writing, to remit taxes and file returns with the department, subject to the department's approval. in a manner greenised by the department

SECTION 143. 77.63 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

77.63 (1) (am) A seller or certified service provider who uses a certified automated system, as defined in s. 77.524 (1) (a), or software certified by the department in accordance with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to



1	(e) The seller is not under investigation for fraud or misrepresentation of a
2 ,	material fact.
3	(f) The seller collects and remits the taxes imposed under this subchapter and
4	subch. V on sales to purchasers in this state for at least 3 consecutive years after the
5	date on which the seller registers under par. (a).
6	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to taxes imposed under this subchapter and
7	subch. V that are due from the seller for purchases made by the seller.
8 .	(3) The statute of limitations for determining a tax liability under s. 77.59 (3)
9	shall not run during the 3 years described under sub. (1) (f).
10	SECTION 146. 77.70 of the statutes is amended to read:
11	77.70 Adoption by county ordinance. Any county desiring to impose county
12	sales and use taxes under this subchapter may do so by the adoption of an ordinance,
13	stating its purpose and referring to this subchapter. The county sales and use taxes
14	may be imposed only for the purpose of directly reducing the property tax levy and
15	only in their entirety as provided in this subchapter. That ordinance shall be
16	effective on the first day of January, the first day of April, the first day of July or the
17	first day of October. A certified copy of that ordinance shall be delivered to the
18	secretary of revenue at least 120 days prior to its effective date. The repeal of any
19	such ordinance shall be effective on December 31. A certified copy of a repeal
20	ordinance shall be delivered to the secretary of revenue at least 60 120 days before
21	the effective date of the repeal.
22	SECTION 147. 77.705 of the statutes is amended to read:
23	77.705 Adoption by resolution; baseball park district. A local
24	professional baseball park district created under subch. III of ch. 229, by resolution

under s. 229.68 (15), may impose a sales tax and a use tax under this subchapter at

1 a rate of no more than 0.1% of the gross receipts or sales price. Those taxes may be imposed only in their entirety. The resolution shall be effective on the first day of the first month January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 1 that begins at least 30 60 days after the adoption of the resolution. 5 SECTION 148. 77.706 of the statutes is amended to read: 6 77.706 Adoption by resolution; football stadium district. 7 professional football stadium district created under subch. IV of ch. 229, by 8 resolution under s. 229.824 (15), may impose a sales tax and a use tax under this subchapter at a rate of 0.5% of the gross receipts or sales price. Those taxes may be 9 10 imposed only in their entirety. The imposition of the taxes under this section shall be effective on the first day of the first month January 1, April 1, July 1, or October 11 1 that begins at least 30 60 days after the certification of the approval of the 12 13 resolution by the electors in the district's jurisdiction under s. 229.824 (15). 14 SECTION 149. 77.707 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 77.707 (1) Retailers and the department of revenue may not collect a tax under 15 s. 77.705 for any local professional baseball park district created under subch. III of 16 17 ch. 229 after the last day of the calendar quarter during that is at least 120 days from 18 the date on which the local professional baseball park district board makes a certification to the department of revenue under s. 229.685 (2), except that the 19 department of revenue may collect from retailers taxes that accrued before the day 20 21 after the last day of that calendar quarter and fees, interest and penalties that relate 22 to those taxes. 23 **SECTION 150.** 77.707 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 24 77.707 (2) Retailers and the department of revenue may not collect a tax under s. 77.706 for any local professional football stadium district created under subch. IV 25

of ch. 229 after the <u>last day of the</u> calendar quarter during that is at least 120 days from the date on which the local professional football stadium district board makes all of the certifications to the department of revenue under s. 229.825 (3), except that the department of revenue may collect from retailers taxes that accrued before the day after the last day of that calendar quarter and fees, interest and penalties that relate to those taxes.

SECTION 151. 77.71 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

personal property and for the privilege of selling, performing or furnishing services a sales tax is imposed upon retailers at the rate of 0.5% in the case of a county tax or at the rate under s. 77.705 or 77.706 in the case of a special district tax of the gross-receipts from the sale, licensing, lease or rental of tangible personal property, except property taxed under sub. (4), sold, licensed, leased or rented at retail in the county or special district or from selling, performing or furnishing services described under s. 77.52 (2) in the county or special district.

SECTION 152. 77.71 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.71 (2) An excise tax is imposed at the rate of 0.5% in the case of a county tax or at the rate under s. 77.705 or 77.706 in the case of a special district tax of the sales purchase price upon every person storing, using or otherwise consuming in the county or special district tangible personal property or services if the property or service is subject to the state use tax under s. 77.53, except that a receipt indicating that the tax under sub. (1), (3) or (4) has been paid relieves the buyer of liability for the tax under this subsection and except that if the buyer has paid a similar local tax in another state on a purchase of the same property or services that tax shall be credited against the tax under this subsection and except that for motor vehicles that

are used for a purpose in addition to retention, demonstration or display while held for sale in the regular course of business by a dealer the tax under this subsection is imposed not on the sales <u>purchase</u> price but on the amount under s. 77.53 (1m).

SECTION 153. 77.71 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.71 (3) An excise tax is imposed upon a contractor engaged in construction activities within the county or special district, at the rate of 0.5% in the case of a county tax or at the rate under s. 77.705 or 77.706 in the case of a special district tax of the sales purchase price of tangible personal property that is used in constructing, altering, repairing or improving real property and that becomes a component part of real property in that county or special district, except that if the contractor has paid the sales tax of a county in the case of a county tax or of a special district in the case of a special district tax in this state on that property, or has paid a similar local sales tax in another state on a purchase of the same property, that tax shall be credited against the tax under this subsection.

SECTION 154. 77.71 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.71 (4) An excise tax is imposed at the rate of 0.5% in the case of a county tax or at the rate under s. 77.705 or 77.706 in the case of a special district tax of the sales purchase price upon every person storing, using or otherwise consuming a motor vehicle, boat, snewmobile, mobile home not exceeding 45 feet in length, trailer, semitrailer, all terrain vehicle or aircraft, if that property must be registered or titled with this state and if that property is to be customarily kept in a county that has in effect an ordinance under s. 77.70 or in a special district that has in effect a resolution under s. 77.705 or 77.706, except that if the buyer has paid a similar local sales tax in another state on a purchase of the same property that tax shall be credited against the tax under this subsection.

s. 77.52 (2) are is not subject to the taxes under this subchapter, and the incremental

amount of tax caused by a rate increase applicable to those services is not due, if those

services are billed to the customer and paid for before the effective date of the county

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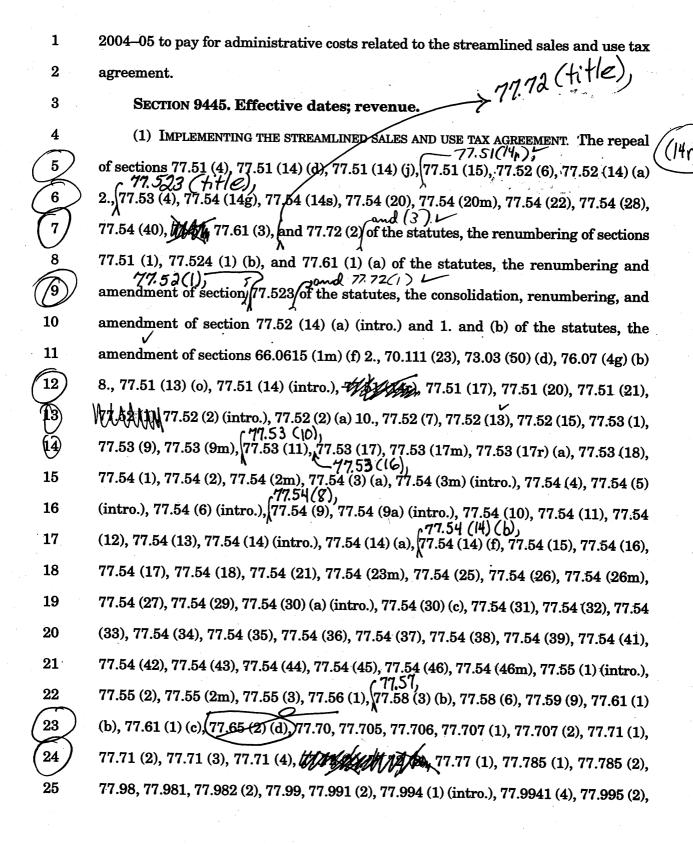
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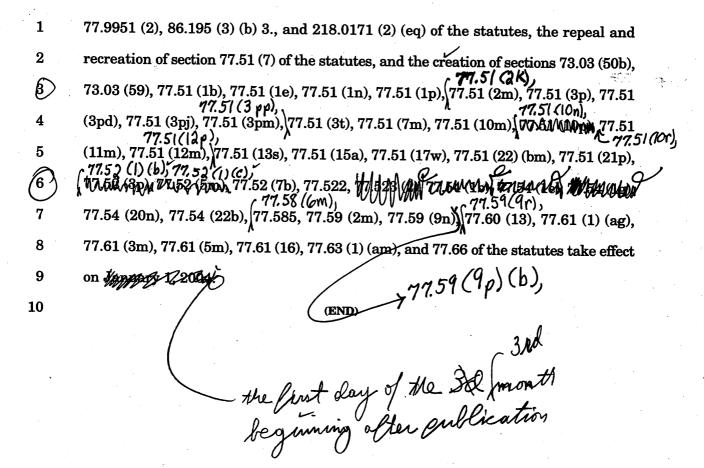
	1	ordinance, special district resolution or rate increase, whether the service is
	2	furnished to the customer before or after that date.
	3	SECTION 159. 77.785 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
	4	77.785 (1) All retailers shall collect and report the taxes under this subchapter
	5	on the gross receipts sales price from leases and rentals of property under s. 77.71
	6	(4).
	7	SECTION 160. 77.785 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8	77.785 (2) Prior to registration or titling, a retailer of a boat, all-terrain vehicle,
	9	trailer and semi-trailer dealers and licensed aircraft, motor vehicle, or mobile home
	10	and snowmobile dealers shall collect the taxes under this subchapter on sales of
-	11	items under s. 77.71 (4). The dealer retailer shall remit those taxes to the
	12	department of revenue along with payments of the taxes under subch. III.
	13	SECTION 161. 77.98 of the statutes is amended to read:
	14	77.98 Imposition. A local exposition district under subch. II of ch. 229 may
/	15	impose a tax on the retail sale, except sales for resale, within the district's
tal	16	jurisdiction under s. 229.43 of products food and food ingredients, as defined in s.
4	17	that are subject to a tax under s. 77.54 (20) (c) 1. to 3, and not exempt from
NS-	(18)	the sales tax under; 3. 77.54(1), (4), (7)(a), (7m), (9), (9a) 62 (20) (c) 5 (20)
1-18 K	19	SECTION 162. 77.981 of the statutes is amended to read:
1	20	77.981 Rate. The tax under s. 77.98 is imposed on the sale of taxable products
	21	at the rate of 0.25% of the gross receipts sales price, except that the district, by a vote
	2 2	of a majority of the authorized members of its board of directors, may impose the tax
	23	at the rate of 0.5% of the gross receipts sales price. A majority of the authorized
·	24	members of the district's board may vote that, if the balance in a special debt service
	25	reserve fund of the district is less than the requirement under s. 229.50 (5), the tax
	1	S. 77.54 (20) (c) 5, 20015/ats.)
	·	and

1	rate under this subchapter is 0.5%. The 0.5% rate shall be effective on the next
2	January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1, and this tax is irrepealable if any bonds issued
3	by the district and secured by the special debt service reserve fund are outstanding.
4	SECTION 163. 77.982 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	77.982 (2) Sections 77.51 (4) (a), (b) 1., 2. and 4., (c) 1. to 3. and (d), (14) (a) to
6	(f), (j) and (k) and, (14g), and (15a), 77.52 (3), (6), (13), (14), (18), and (19), 77.522,
7	77.58 (1) to (5) and (7), 77.59, 77.60, 77.61 (2), (5), (8), (9), and (12) to (14),
8	and 77.62, as they apply to the taxes under subch. III, apply to the tax under this
9	subchapter. Sections $77.72 \frac{(1)}{(1)}$ and 77.73 , as they apply to the taxes under subch. V,
10	apply to the tax under this subchapter.
11	SECTION 164. 77.99 of the statutes is amended to read:
12	77.99 Imposition. A local exposition district under subch. II of ch. 229 may
13	impose a tax at the rate of 3% of the gross receipts sales price on the rental, but not
14	for rerental and not for rental as a service or repair replacement vehicle, within the
15	district's jurisdiction under s. 229.43, of Type 1 automobiles, as defined in s. 340.01
16	(4) (a), by establishments primarily engaged in short-term rental of passenger cars
17	without drivers, for a period of 30 days or less, unless the sale is exempt from the sales
18	tax under s. 77.54 (1), (4), (7) (a), (7m), (9) or (9a). If the state makes a payment under
19	s. 229.50 (7) to a district's special debt service reserve fund, a majority of the district's
20	authorized board of directors may vote to increase the tax rate under this subchapter
21	to 4%.
22	SECTION 165. 77.991 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	77.991 (2) Sections 77.51 (4) (a), (b) 1., 2. and 4., (c) 1. to 3. and (d) and (14) (a)
24	to (f), (j), and (k) and (15a), 77.52 (4), (6), (13), (14), and (18), 77.523 (2), 77.58 (1) to
25	(5) and (7), 77.59, 77.60, 77.61 (2), (5), (8), (9), and (12) to (14), and 77.62, as they apply

1	for a period of 30 days or less, unless the sale is exempt from the sales tax under s.
2	77.54 (1), (4), (7) (a), (7m) or (9a).
3	SECTION 169. 77.9951 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	77.9951 (2) Sections 77.51 (4) (a), (b) 1., 2. and 4., (c) 1. to 3. and (d) and (14)
5	(a) to (f), (j), and (k) and (15a), 77.52 (4), (6), (13), (14), and (18), 77.58 (1) to (5) and
6	(7), 77.59, 77.60, 77.61 (2), (5), (8), (9), and (12) to (14), and 77.62, as they apply to
7	the taxes under subch. III, apply to the fee under this subchapter. The renter shall
8	collect the fee under this subchapter from the person to whom the vehicle is rented.
9	SECTION 170. 86.195 (3) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	86.195 (3) (b) 3. Fifty percent of the gross receipts of the business are from meal,
11	food, the sale of food product and beverage sales and food ingredients, as defined in
12	s. 77.51 (3t), that are taxable under s. 77.54 (20) (e) subch. III of ch. 77 ; and
13	SECTION 171. 218.0171 (2) (cq) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	218.0171 (2) (cq) Upon payment of a refund to a consumer under par. (b) 2. b.,
15	the manufacturer shall provide to the consumer a written statement that specifies
16	the trade-in amount previously applied under s. 77.51 (4) (b) 3. or 3m. or (15) (b) 4.
17	or 4m. (12m) (b) 5. or 6. or (15a) (b) 5. or 6. toward the sales price of the motor vehicle
18	having the nonconformity and the date on which the manufacturer provided the
19)	refund.
20	Section 9245. Appropriation changes; revenue.
21	(1) Administrative costs related to the streamlined sales and use tax
22	AGREEMENT. In the schedule under section 20.005 (3) of the statutes for the
23	appropriation to the department of revenue under section 20.566 (1) (a) of the
24	statutes, as affected by the acts of 2003, the dollar amount is increased by \$25,000

for fiscal year 2003-04 and the dollar amount is increased by \$25,000 for fiscal year





2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Insert A

This bill adopts the substantive provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement (agreement). The agreement is intended to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration for the states that enter into the agreement and to encourage out—of—state retailers to collect the state's sales and use taxes voluntarily. Under current federal law, generally, an out—of—state retailer who sells goods or services to customers in this state is not required to collect the sales tax or use tax imposed on such sales, if the retailer has no physical presence in this state. See Quill v. North Dakota, 504 U.S. 298; 112 S. Ct. 1904 (1992).

States that wish to enter into the agreement must adopt uniform definitions related to the administration of sales and use taxes and uniform policies related to sourcing sales of goods and services, bad debt allowances, refunds, and, to some extent, exemptions. Under the agreement, DOR may act jointly with other states that are signatories to the agreement to establish standards for certifying service providers and automated systems to aid out—of—state retailers with the collection of state sales and use taxes.

Under current law, "gross receipts" refers to the measure of the sales tax, and "sales price" refers to the measure of the use tax. Under the bill, "sales price" refers to the measure of the sales tax, and "purchase price" refers to the measure of the use tax.

The bill creates definitions for "alcohol beverages," "candy," "delivery charges," "dietary supplement," "food and food ingredients," "prepared food," and "soft drink."

The agreement provides that a state that is a signatory to the agreement may choose to tax or not tax all articles that are covered by one definition, but a state may not exempt from sales tax or use tax a particular item that is included in a definition. The members of the project working on the agreement approved a definition for "clothing." Therefore, in order to comply with the agreement, a state may either tax all clothing or exempt all clothing, but a state may not exempt certain items of clothing and tax others. This bill, therefore, eliminates the sales tax and use tax exemptions for cloth diapers and antiembolism hose.

This bill creates definitions for "durable medical equipment," "mobility—enhancing equipment," and "prosthetic device." Under the bill, the sale of such equipment and devices is exempt from the sales tax and the use tax.

Under the bill, generally, for purposes of determining which jurisdiction may impose a sales tax or use tax on a sale, if a purchaser receives a product at the seller's business location, the sale of that product occurs at the seller's business location. If a purchaser does not receive the product at a seller's business location, the sale occurs at the location where the purchaser receives the product. If the location of the sale cannot be so determined, the sale occurs at the purchaser's address, as indicated by the seller's business records. If the address cannot be determined from the business records, the sale occurs at the purchaser's address, as obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address indicated on the purchaser's check. Finally, if the location of a sale cannot be determined in any other way, the sale of tangible personal property occurs at the location from which the tangible personal

> to be

property is shipped. Under the bill, if the item sold is a digital good or computer software, and the digital good or computer software is delivered electronically, the sale occurs at the location from which the digital good or computer software was first available for transmission by the seller.

Under the bill, generally, the sale of a telecommunications service occurs at a location that is determined consistent with the provisions of the federal Mobile

Telecommunications Sourcing Act.

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This bill will be referred to the Joint Survey Committee on Tax Exemptions for a detailed analysis, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

Insert 4 - 19 V

SECTION 1. 77.51 (2k) of the statutes is created to read:

77.51 (2k) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than by tangible storage media.

Insert 6 - 18 /

SECTION 2. 77.51 (3pp) of the statutes is created to read:

77.51 (3pp) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.

Insert 9-2

Eggs, fish, meat, and poultry, and foods containing any of them in raw form, that require cooking by the consumer, as recommended by the food and drug administration in chapter 3, part 401.11 of its food code to prevent food-borne illnesses.

SECTION 3. 77.51 (10n) of the statutes is created to read:

77.51 (10n) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued by any oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission and by a person who is authorized by the laws of this state to issue such an order, formula, or recipe.

SECTION 4. 77.51 (10r) of the statutes is created to read:

1.	77.51 (10r) "Prewritten computer software" means of the following:
2	(a) Computer software that is not designed and developed by the author or
*	creator of the software according to a specific purchaser's specifications "Prewritten
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5	(b) Computer software upgrades that are not designed and developed by the
6	author or creator of the software according to a specific purchaser's specifications.
7	(c) Computer software that is designed and developed by the author or greator
8	of the software according to a specific purchaser's specifications that is sold to
9	another purchaser.
10	(d) Any combination of computer software under pars. (a) to (c), including any
11	combination with any portion of such software.
12	(e) Computer software as described under pars. (a) to (d), and any portion of
13	such software, that is modified or enhanced by any degree to a specific purchaser's
14	specifications, unless a reasonable, separately indicated charge or an invoice or other
15	statement of the price of such modification or enhancement is provided to the
16	purchaser.
	Insert 11 – 11 V
17	7. Thirty-five percent of the purchase price, excluding trade-ins, of a new
18	mobile home, as defined in s. 340.01 (29), that is a primary housing unit or of a new
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20	mobile home, as defined in s. 340.01 (29), that is transported in 2 unattached sections
	if the total size of the combined sections, not including additions and attachments,
21	is at least 984 square feet measured when the sections are ready for transport.

8. At the retailer's option; except that after the retailer chooses an option the

retailer may not use the other option for other sales without the department's written

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1	approval; either 35% of the purchase price of a manufactured building, as defined in
2	s. 101.71 (6), or an amount equal to the purchase price of the manufactured building
3	minus the cost of materials that become an ingredient or component part of the
4	building.
5	SECTION 5. 77.51 (12p) of the statutes is created to read:
6	77.51 (12p) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal property
7	is made or to whom a service is furnished.
	Insert 14 – 3
8	7. Thirty-five percent of the sales price, excluding trade-ins, of a new mobile
9	home, as defined in s. 340.01 (29), that is a primary housing unit or of a new mobile
10	home, as defined in s. 340.01 (29), that is transported in 2 unattached sections if the
11	total size of the combined sections, not including additions and attachments, is at
12	least 984 square feet measured when the sections are ready for transport.
13	8. At the retailer's option; except that after the retailer chooses an option the
14	retailer may not use the other option for other sales without the department's written
15	approval; either 35% of the sales price of a manufactured building, as defined in s.
16	101.71 (6), or an amount equal to the sales price of the manufactured building minus
17	the cost of materials that become an ingredient or component part of the building.
	Insert 15 – 19
18	SECTION 6. 77.52 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
19	77.52 (1) (b) For the privilege of selling at retail coins and stamps of the United
20	States that are sold or traded as collectors' items above their face value, a tax is
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4 4	imposed on all retailers at the rate of 5% of the sales price from the sale of such coins

and stamps.

SECTION 7. 77.52 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

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77.52 (1) (c) For the privilege of leasing property that is affixed to real property, a tax is imposed on all retailers at the rate of 5% of the sales price from the lease of such property, if the lessor has the right to remove the leased property upon breach or termination of the lease agreement, unless the lessor of the leased property is also the lessor of the real property to which the leased property is affixed.

Insert 19 - 20 L

Section 8. 77.52 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.52 (13) For the purpose of the proper administration of this section and to prevent evasion of the sales tax it shall be presumed that all receipts are subject to the tax until the contrary is established. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal property or services is not a taxable sale at retail is upon the person who makes the sale unless that person takes from the purchaser a certificate, or obtains from the purchaser any information that is prescribed by rule by department, to the effect that the property or service is purchased for resale or is otherwise exempt; except that no certificate is required for sales of cattle, sheep, goats, and pigs that are sold at a livestock market, as defined in s. 95.68 (1) (e) [s. 95.68 (1) (ag)], and no certificate is required for sales of commodities, as defined in 7 USC 2, that are consigned for sale in a warehouse in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the U.S. commodity futures trading commission if upon the sale the commodity is not removed from the warehouse the sale of tangible personal property that is exempt under s. 77.54 (7), (11), (14), (15), (17), (20n), (21), (22b), (30), (32), (42), and (44). This subsection does not apply to candy, soft drinks, and prepared food; or to

- disposable products that are transferred with candy, soft drinks, and prepared food;
- 2 that a restaurant provides to the restaurant's employees during the work hours of
- 3 <u>the employees</u>.

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NOTE: NOTE: The bracketed language indicates the correct cross-reference. Corrective legislation is pending.NOTE:

History: 1973 c. 156; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29, 142, 418; 1979 c. 174, 221; 1981 c. 20, 317; 1983 a. 2, 27; 1983 a. 189 ss. 99, 103, 107, 329 (12); 1983 a. 341, 510, 544; 1985 a. 29, 149; 1987 a. 27, 399; 1989 a. 31, 335; 1991 a. 39, 316; 1993 a. 112, 213, 308, 437; 1995 a. 27, 225, 351; 1997 a. 27, 237, 291; 1999 a. 9, 83; 1999 a. 150 s. 672; 2001 a. 109.

Insert 24 - 19 🗸

- 5. A seller who receives a multiple-points-of-use exemption form under this paragraph is relieved from liability for collecting the tax imposed under s. 77.53 (1) on purchases related to the multiple-points-of-use exemption form.
 - (e) A sale or purchase involving transfer of ownership of property is completed at the time when possession is transferred by the seller or the seller's agent to the purchaser or the purchaser's agent, except that for purposes of this subsection a common carrier or the U.S. postal service shall be deemed the agent of the seller, regardless of any f.o.b. point and regardless of the method by which freight or postage is paid.
 - (2) Lease or rental. (a) Except as provided in pars. (b) and (c), with regards to the first or only payment on the lease or rental, the lease or rental of tangible personal property occurs at the location determined under sub. (1) (b) 1. If the property is moved from the place where the property was initially delivered, the subsequent periodic payments on the lease or rental occur at the property's primary location as indicated by an address for the property that is provided by the lessee and that is available to the lessor in records that the lessor maintains in the ordinary course of the lessor's business, if the use of such an address does not constitute bad faith. The location of a lease or rental as determined under this paragraph shall not be altered by any intermittent use of the property at different locations.

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(b) The lease or rental of motor vehicles, semiletrailers, and aircraft, that are not transportation equipment, occurs at the primary location of such motor vehicles, semiletrailers, or aircraft as indicated by an address for the property that is provided by the lessee and that is available to the lessor in records that the lessor maintains in the ordinary course of the lessor's business, if the use of such an address does not constitute bad faith. The location of a lease or rental as determined under this paragraph shall not be altered by any intermittent use of the property at different locations.

(c) The lease or rental of transportation equipment occurs at the location determined under sub. (1) (b) 1.

Insert 31 - 21 V

SECTION 9. 77.53 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

prevent evasion of the use tax and the duty to collect the use tax, it is presumed that tangible personal property or taxable services sold by any person for delivery in this state is sold for storage, use, or other consumption in this state until the contrary is established. The burden of proving the contrary is upon the person who makes the sale unless that person takes from the purchaser a certificate, or obtains from the purchaser any information that is prescribed by rule by department, to the effect that the property or taxable service is purchased for resale, or otherwise exempt from the tax; except that no certificate is required for sales of cattle, sheep, goats, and pigs that are sold at a livestock market, as defined in s. 95.68 (1) (e) 1.05.68 (1) (e) 1.05.68 (1) (e) 2.05.68 (1) (e) 2.05.68

1 a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the U.S. commodity futures trading commission if upon the sale the commodity 2 is not removed from the warehouse the sale of tangible personal property that is 3 exempt under s. 77.54 (7), (11), (14), (15), (17), (20n), (21), (22b), (30), (32), (42), and 4 (44). This subsection does not apply to candy, soft drinks, and prepared food; or to 5 disposable products that are transferred with candy, soft drinks, and prepared food; 6 that a restaurant provides to the restaurant's employees during the work hours of 7 8 the employees.

NOTE: NOTE: The bracketed language indicates the correct cross-reference. Corrective legislation is pending.NOTE:
History: 1971 c. 125, 211; 1977 c. 29, 418; 1979 c. 1, 174; 198 c. 317; 1983 a. 2; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27, 268, 399; 1991 a. 39, 316; 1993 a. 16, 112; 1995 a. 27, 209; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 31; 2001 a. 109.

Insert 32 – 10 🗸

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SECTION 10. 77.53 (16) of the statutes is amended to read:

77.53 (16) If the purchase, rental or lease of tangible personal property or service subject to the tax imposed by this section was subject to a sales tax by another state in which the purchase was made, the amount of sales tax paid the other state shall be applied as a credit against and deducted from the tax, to the extent thereof, imposed by this section, except no credit may be applied against and deducted from a sales tax paid on the purchase of direct mail, if the direct mail purchaser did not provide to the seller a direct pay permit, a direct mail form, or other information that indicates the appropriate taxing jurisdiction to which the direct mail is delivered to the ultimate recipients. In this subsection "sales tax" includes a use or excise tax imposed on the use of tangible personal property or taxable service by the state in which the sale occurred and "state" includes the District of Columbia but does not

include the commonwealth of Puerto Rico or the several territories organized by 1 2 congress. History: 1971 c. 125, 211; 1977 c. 29, 418; 1979 c. 1, 174; 1981 c. 317; 1983 a. 2; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 27, 268, 399; 1991 a. 39, 316; 1993 a. 16, 112; 1995 a. 27, 209; 1997 a. 27, 41, 237; 1999 a. 31; 2001 a. 109. Insert 36 – 9 3 SECTION 11. 77.54 (8) of the statutes is amended to read: 77.54 (8) Charges for interest, financing or insurance where such charges are 4 separately set forth upon the invoice given by the seller to the purchaser. 5 History: 1971 c. 64, 154, 215, 311; 1973 c. 90, 156, 240; 1975 c. 39, 96, 102, 146, 200; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 83 ss. 13, 26; 1977 c. 250, 368, 418; 1979 c. 1, 34, 87, 174; 1981 c. 20; 1981 c. 79 s. 18; 1981 c. 96 s. 67; 1981 c. 264; 1981 c. 282 s. 47; 1981 c. 317; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1284d to 1284np, 2202 (38); 1983 a. 189 ss. 101, 106, 329 (5), (12), (13); 1983 a. 192, 287, 405, 426, 498, 510, 538, 544; 1985 a. 29, 149, 332; 1987 a. 27; 1987 a. 312 s. 17; 1987 a. 399; 1989 a. 31, 238, 270, 335, 359; 1991 a. 37, 39, 269, 316; 1993 a. 16, 263, 332; 1995 a. 27, 125, 225, 227; 1997 a. 27, 35, 41, 184, 237, 291; 1999 a. 9, 65, 83; 1999 a. 150 s. 672; 1999 a. 167; 2001 a. 16, 103, 109. Insert 37 – 20 ν SECTION 12. 77.54 (14) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 6 77.54 (14) (b) Furnished by a licensed physician, surgeon, podiatrist, or dentist 7 8 to a patient who is a human being for treatment of the patient. History: 1971 c. 64, 154, 215, 311; 1973 c. 90, 156, 240; 1975 c. 39, 96, 102, 146, 200; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 29; 1977 c. 250, 368, 418; 1979 c. 1, 34, 87, 174; 1981 c. 20; 1981 c. 79 s. 18; 1981 c. 96 s. 67; 1981 c. 264; 1981 c. 282 s. 47; 1981 c. 317; 1983 a. 27 ss. 1284d to 1284mp, 2202 (38); 1983 a. 189 ss. 101, 106, 329 (5), (12), (13); 1983 a. 192, 287, 405, 426, 498, 510, 538, 544; 1985 a. 29, 149, 332; 1987 a. 27; 1987 a. 312 s. 17; 1987 a. 399; 1989 a. 31, 238, 270, 335, 339; 1991 a. 37, 39, 269, 316; 1993 a. 16, 263, 332; 1995 a. 27, 125, 225, 227; 1997 a. 27, 35, 41, 184, 237, 291; 1999 a. 9, 65, 83; 1999 a. 150 s. 672; 1999 a. 167; 2001 a. 16, 103, 109. Insert 39 – 20 (b) The sales price from the sale of and the storage, use, or other consumption 9 of prepared food sold by hospitals, sanatoriums, nursing homes, retirement homes, 10 community-based residential facilities, as defined in s. 50.01 (1g), or day care centers 11 registered under ch. 48, including prepared food that is sold to the elderly or 12 handicapped by persons providing mobile meals on wheels. In this subdivision, 13 "retirement home" means a nonprofit residential facility where 3 or more unrelated 14 adults or their spouses have their principal residence and where support services, 15

including meals from a common kitchen, are available to residents.

(c) The sales price from the sale of and the storage, use, or other consumption

of food and food ingredients, furnished in accordance with any contract or agreement

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or paid for to such institution through the use of an account of such institution, by a public or private institution of higher education to an undergraduate student, a graduate student or a student enrolled in a professional school if the student is enrolled for credit at that institution and if the food and food ingredients are consumed by that student.

(d) The sales price from the sale of and the storage, use, or other consumption of food and food ingredients furnished to a national football league team under a contract or agreement.

Insert 46 - 24

SECTION 13. 77.57 of the statutes is amended to read:

that the property purchased will be used in a manner or for a purpose entitling the seller to regard the gross receipts from the sale as exempted by this subchapter from the computation of the amount of the sales tax and uses the property in some other manner or for some other purpose, the purchaser is liable for payment of the sales tax. The tax shall be measured by the sales price of the property to the purchaser, but if the taxable use first occurs more than 6 months after the sale to the purchaser, the purchaser may use as the measure of the tax either that sales price or the fair market value of the property at the time the taxable use first occurs. This subsection does not apply to candy, soft drinks, and prepared food; or to disposable products that are transferred with candy, soft drinks, and prepared food; that a restaurant provides to the restaurant's employees during the work hours of the employees.

History: 1983 a. 405.

Insert 47 - 16 V

SECTION 14. 77.58 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:

77.58 (6m) The department may, in cases where it is satisfied that an undue hardship would otherwise result, permit the reporting of a sales price or purchase price on some basis other than the accrual basis.

Insert 48 – 14

(2) A seller may claim as a deduction on a return under s. 77.58 the amount of any bad debt that the seller writes off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records and that is eligible to be deducted as bad debt for federal income tax purposes, regardless of whether the seller is required to file a federal income tax return. A seller who claims a deduction under this subsection shall claim the deduction on the return under s. 77.58 that is submitted for the period in which the seller writes off the amount of the deduction as uncollectible in the seller's books and records and in which such amount is eligible to be deducted as bad debt for federal income tax purposes. If the seller subsequently collects in whole or in part any bad debt for which a deduction is claimed under this subsection, the seller shall include the amount collected in the return filed for the period in which the amount is collected and shall pay the tax with the return.

Insert 49 - 6

(6) If a lessor of tangible personal property has reimbursed the vendor for the sales tax on the sale of the property by the vendor to the lessor, the tax due from the lessor on the rental receipts may be offset by a credit equal to the tax otherwise due on the rental receipts from the property for the reporting period. The credit shall expire when the cumulative rental receipts equal the sales price upon which the vendor paid sales taxes to this state.

(7) If a purchaser of tangible personal property has reimbursed the vendor of the property for the sales tax on the sale and subsequently, before making any use of the property other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for sale or rental, makes a taxable sale of the property, the tax due on the taxable sale may be offset by the tax reimbursed.

(8) A seller may claim a deduction on any part of the sales price or purchase price that the seller refunds in cash or credit as a result of returned property or adjustments in the sales price or purchase price after the sale has been completed, if the seller has included the refunded price in a prior return made by the seller and has paid the tax on such price, and if the seller has returned to the purchaser in cash or in credit all tax previously paid by the purchaser on the amount of the refund at the time of the purchase. A deduction under this subsection shall be claimed on the return for the period in which the refund is paid.

Insert 50 – 4

SECTION 15. 77.59 (9r) of the statutes is created to read:

77.59 (9r) With regards to a purchaser's request for a refund under this section, a seller is presumed to have reasonable business practices if the seller uses a certified service provider, a certified automated system, as defined in s. 77.524 (1) (a), or a proprietary system certified by the department to collect the taxes imposed under this subchapter or if the seller has collected and remitted to the department all taxes imposed under this subchapter, less any deductions, credits, or allowances.

Insert 62 – 19 🗸

SECTION 9145. Nonstatutory provisions; revenue.

1 (1) THE STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX AGREEMENT. The department of revenue shall notify the revisor of statutes of the effective date of this state's participation in the streamlined sales and use tax agreement as described under section 77.65 of the statutes.

Additional Company of the Statutes

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2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0646/P2insKA ...:kmg:kmg

<u>Insert "59–18 Ka"</u>



the sales tax under s. 77.54 (1), 2001 stats., s. 77.54 (4), 2001 stats., s. 77.54 (7) (a), 2001 stats., s. 77.54 (7m), 2001 stats., s. 77.54 (9), 2001 stats., s. 77.54 (9a), 2001 stats., or s. 77.54 (20) (c) 5., 2001 stats.